

Next Generation Prevention: The Foundation of Health and Productivity

Michael D Parkinson, MD, MPH, FACPM

Faculty, RWJF Aligning Forces for Quality Project

Former EVP, Chief Health and Medical Officer

Lumenos/Wellpoint

My Perspective Today . . .

- Primary care and preventive medicine: whole person and whole population
- “Single Payer” health care system for 20 years
- Start-up pioneer consumer-driven plan for 6 years
- Nation’s largest health insurer for 2 years
- Stirring the pot with the “usual suspects”
 - Employers, foundations, academics, consultants/brokers, unions, legislators, (dis)organized medicine, PBM’s, hospital ceo’s/cfo’s and docs
- And . . . Forgotten and least (most!) important?
 - Employees, consumers and patients!

New Game Changers, Killer Apps, or “UCR” Irritants

- Prevention “works” – both epidemiologically & economically
- “Show me (better, *GIVE* me) the money spent on “benefits”
- My personal health behaviors, those of my family and the choices we make for care “matter” – to our health & *wealth*
- Banks, retail clinics, WalMart, global medical services, Microsoft/Google PHR’s – who *ARE* these guys and *WHAT* do we do about them?
 - “Walk up pricing” vs U&C, AWP, PBM, “tiers” etc
 - Demise of primary care as we’ve known it
 - Shared decision-making usually is right . . . And accepted!
 - “Pay for Performance” . . . By whom for what? . . . Oops lawsuit!
- **Behaviors and efficient care choices = optimal corporate health, productivity (and profit)**

High Performance Networks? What about High Performance Patients!



"Give it to me straight, Doc. How long do I have to ignore your advice?"

The Challenge: Newly Diagnosed Diabetics WITH Health Insurance*

- PREVENT unnecessary chronic disease : *“none of the diabetics had taken proactive, preventive actions to reduce diabetes (diet, weight loss, physical activity) or expressed concern about next generation risk – despite family history and even deaths”*
- UNDERSTAND how to improve health behaviors: *“food and diet were toughest challenge – don’t want to eat foods of another culture – sense of stigma – crave support and information – doctors don’t address diet, nutrition, exercise or depression”*
- ENGAGE patients in their care: *“very inconsistent in taking meds, don’t ask questions, not aware of checklists or guidelines, judge ‘quality’ by personal demeanor only”*

*20 type II diabetes patients, Cincinnati, OH 2008

Mediterranean (or Asian) Diet + Nonsmoker + Daily Activity + Moderate Alcohol Use*

<u>Disease</u>	<u>Reduction Compared to US</u>	<u>Comment</u>
Heart Disease	64%* - 83%**	90% due to modifiable risk factors
Cancer	60%*	Approximates NCI estimates
Diabetes	91% **	No Type II Epidemic
All-cause Mortality	50%*	25 year Okinawa Program Similar Findings

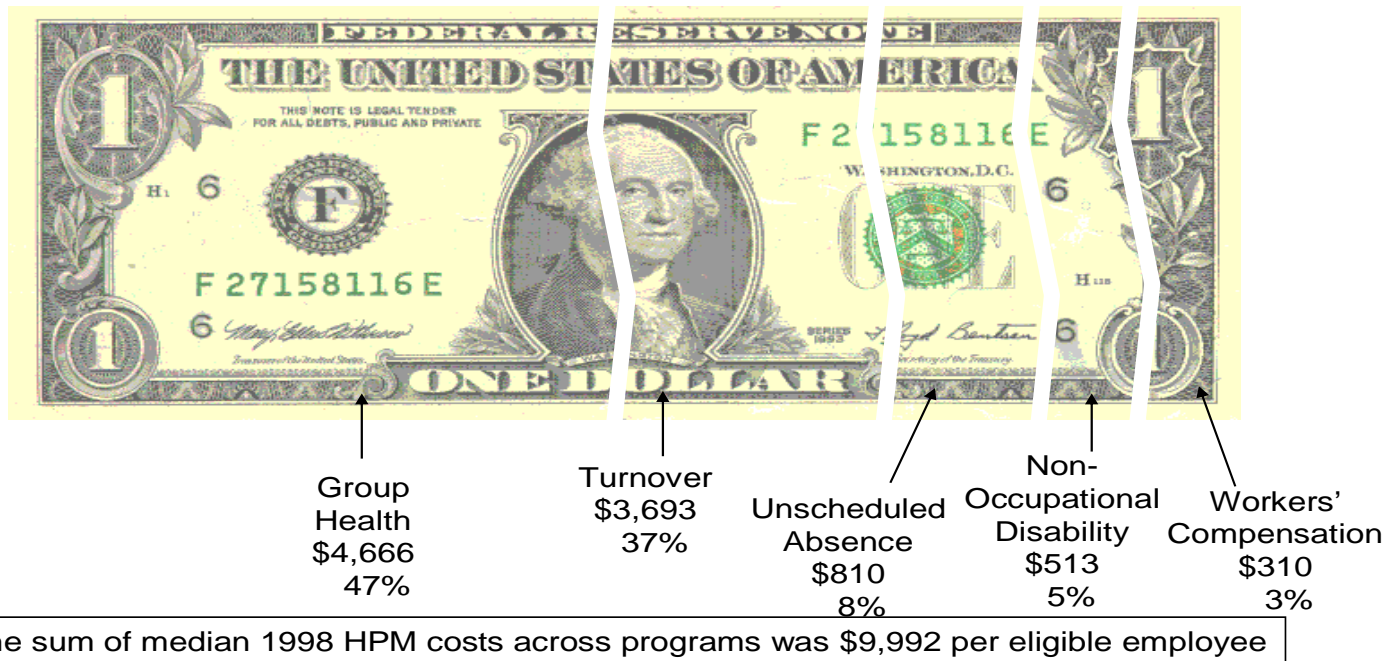
* Knoop et al and **Rimm, Stampfer, JAMA 2004;292:1433-1439

Health Reform Guiding Principles? From the "Inside-Out"

- Prevention and public health as foundation
 - Evidence-based community and individual behaviors for high performance America
 - Epidemiology as core science
 - Behaviors drive 80% of disease, premature deaths, healthcare and productivity costs
 - Economics as guide to value and efficiency
 - Who's money? Who decides? With what info? Real cost? Market-based or government?
-

Total Health and Productivity Costs Typically 3X Medical Costs

Establishing the “Cost Burden” of Poor Health Median HPM Costs Per Eligible Employee (1998 \$) Medstat/IHPM/APQC Benchmarking Study



*Goetzel R, NIOSH background paper, Steps to a Healthier US Workforce, 2004

Current Trends in America for a Healthy and Productive Workforce

Perspective	Current State	Desired State
Function	Absenteeism	Performance
Cost Metrics	Medical Costs	Economic Outcomes
Care Model	Treatment Focused	Prevention & Behavior Change-Focused
Medical Model	Individual	Population
Health Metrics	Disease Status	Health Status
Interventions	Single-Risk Focused	Multiple-Risk Focused
Health Framework	Employer, Condition, and Program Centric	Employee Centric
Management Systems	Segregated Programs	Integrated Systems

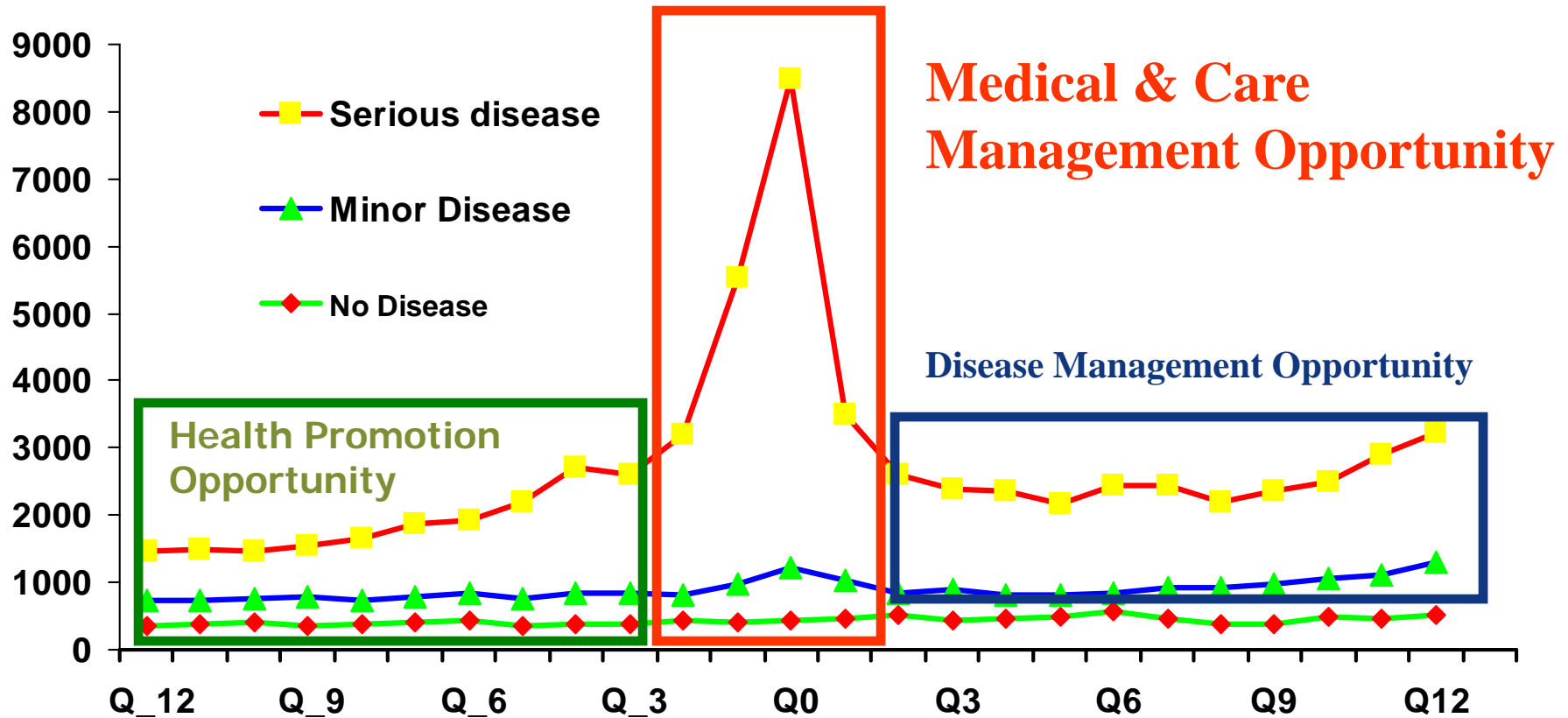
Institute of Medicine: Characteristics of a Healthy Workforce Today

- **HEALTHY**
 - Demonstrating optimal health status as defined by positive health behaviors; minimal modifiable risk factors; and minimal illnesses, diseases, and injuries;
- **PRODUCTIVE**
 - Functioning to produce the maximum contribution to achievement of personal goals and the organizational mission;
- **READY**
 - Possessing an ability to respond to changing demands given the increasing pace and unpredictable nature of work; and,
- **RESILIENT**
 - Adjusting to setbacks, increased demands, or unusual challenges by bouncing back to optimal “well-being” and performance without incurring severe functional decrement.

Next Generation Employer-Leveraged Health Management per Dr Edington*

1. Vision from Senior Leadership
2. Worksite Environment
- 3a. Health Risk Appraisals
- 3b. Individual Stratification
 - Coaching
 - Health Advocate: Unlimited contacts
 - Triage to Resources
 - Develop Self-Leaders
4. Population Programs
 - Website
 - Low-Risk Maintenance
 - Know Your Numbers
 - Physical Activity
 - Nutrition Awareness
 - Wellness Modules
5. Incentives
6. Measurement

Opportunity for Care Management – And Consumer Engagement



Imagine If (Because Its True) . . .

- Individuals saw the money spent from their paychecks and their taxes for healthcare and related costs . . . As their own (it is)
 - Individuals knew that 50-80% of health outcomes and costs came from personal health behaviors (they do)
 - Individuals were incentivized to know and improve those behaviors (they can)
 - Individuals knew that 35% of all care was wasteful . . . And came ultimately from their pocket (it is and does)
 - They had employers, government and health plans that incentivized prevention-oriented, evidence-based and appropriate care
 - Willing patients and willing physicians had information on price and quality to better inform decision-making?
-

Engaged Consumer – What Would One Look Like?

Takes personal responsibility for understanding & optimizing health behaviors

- Completes an annual Health Risk Assessment
- Eats a healthy diet
- Exercises 30 minutes a day on most days of the week
- Knows desired body weight and strives to be within 5 lbs of desired BMI
- Non-smoker/non drug user
- Consumes two or fewer alcohol drinks a day
- Follows safe sex recommendations
- Understands sources of stress and has healthy means of addressing
- Has a comprehensive view of their health (physical, mental, spiritual)
- Is aware of and participates as appropriate in community health resources
- Knows basic CPR, self- and “buddy” care

Engaged Consumer – What Would One Look Like?

Is a smart buyer of health care products and services

- Knows and fully utilizes recommended preventive exams, screening services and immunizations
- Adopts recommended behavior change programs and treatment programs
- Minimizes the use of unnecessary tests, procedures and drugs
- Understands drug functions, side effects and interactions
- Utilizes a personal health record, shares with provider and carries the file with him/her
- Shops for providers and goods based on quality and cost data
- Has a collaborative relationship with healthcare provider – designates a principal care provider
- Utilizes quality hospitals (Leapfrog, NCQA), docs that offer e-visits and online scheduling

Engaged Consumer: What Would One Look Like?

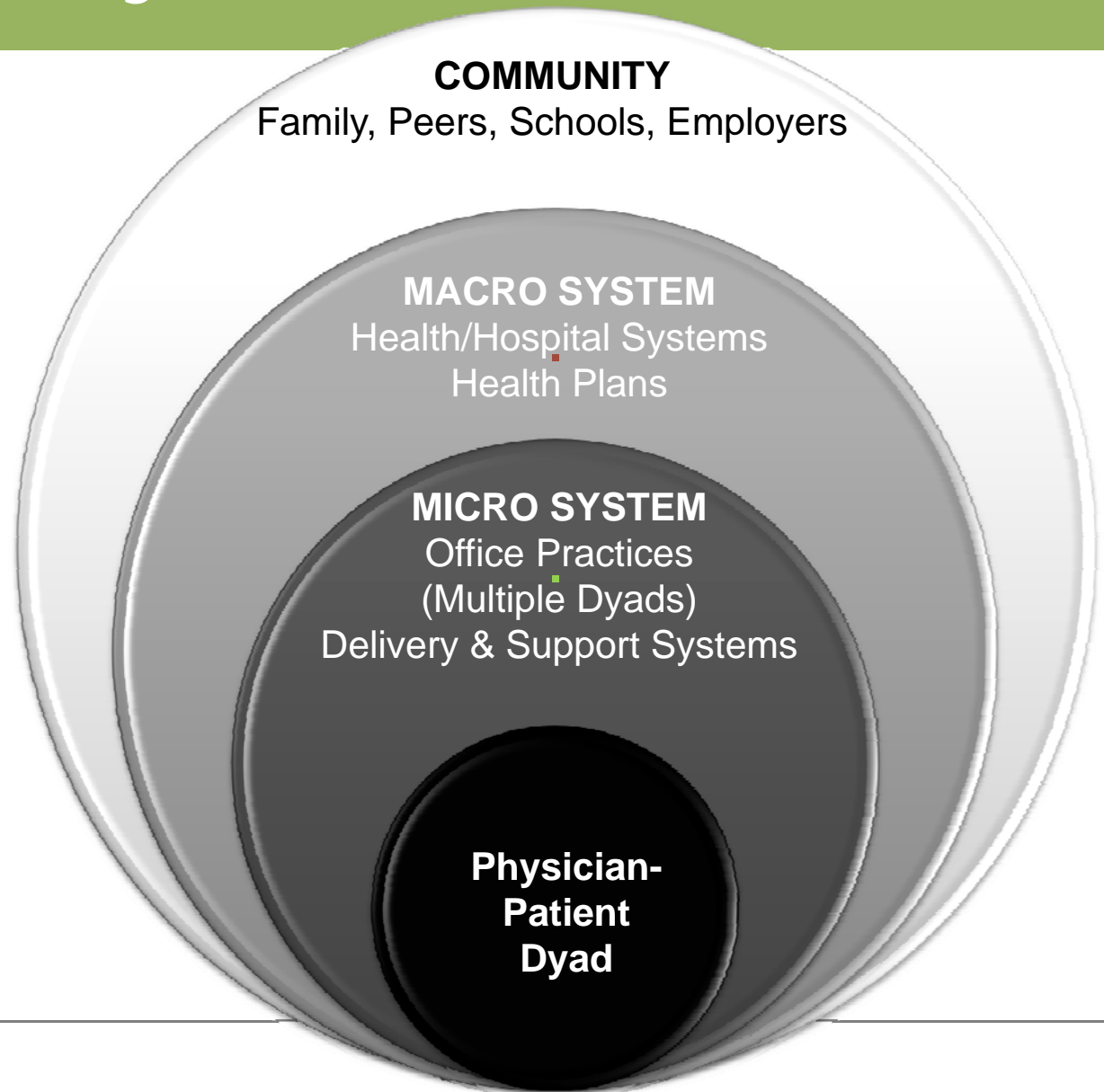
Is a Smart “Buyer” of Health Care Services

- Knows the most appropriate medical facility for relevant medical conditions and emergencies
- Consider options, consults knowledgeable sources of info
- Knows his/her “numbers” i.e. lipids, bp, weight
- Utilizes strategy to maximize value of care visits
 - Preparation, anticipation, “expect to prevent”
- For common healthcare interactions knows how to seek price information
- Understands the financial impact of healthcare choices, the lifetime cost trend and has a plan
- Recognizes accountability for healthcare and knows how to maximize health benefits
- Understands self and family care to only “buy” what is necessary

Engaged Consumers Participate in a Transformational Health Plan – Or System Outside of a “Plan”

- Recognizes me as a customer
- Provides a premium reduction for health behaviors and covers treatment for tobacco addiction and excessive weight
- Provides a suite of health and lifestyle related tools
- Informs me about costs and relative effectiveness of medical treatments
- Provides access to health coaches/disease management programs
- Enables community connections with people like me
- Anticipates my needs based on life events e.g.. birth of a child, likely health event and end-of-life planning
- Communicates clearly and easily
- Minimizes hassles for me and my doctor and helps me navigate healthcare
- Provides me with security and peace of mind in financing healthcare

Prevention Systems Cascade*



*ACPM Aspirin Optimization Project, 2007

Best Performing Companies Use CDHP's With Incentives*

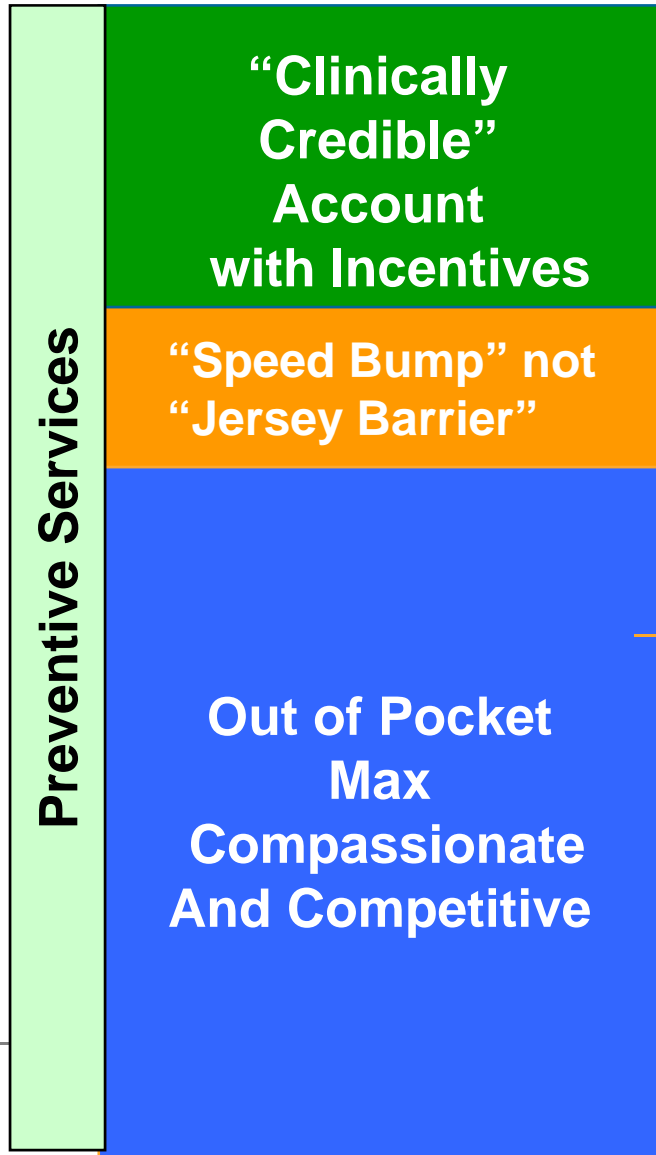
- Best-performing companies two-year median cost increase of 1%, compared with 10 % for their poor-performing peers.
- Companies with CDHP report a two-year average cost trend that is significantly below that of companies without a CDHP (5.5 vs. 7%)
- CDHP enrollment strongly linked to lower health care cost trends. Companies with at least 50 percent of their population enrolled in a CDHP have a two-year trend about half that of non-CDHP sponsors.
- CDHP adoption and enrollment rates are increasing. 47% percent of companies now have a CDHP in place (20% over 2007). 42% of these companies have at least 20% of their employees enrolled in a CDHP, up from 27% of surveyed companies in 2006.
- Best performers use financial incentives; focus on provider quality, data, health and productivity; and provide employees with information to make smarter health care decisions.

Health Insurance Coverage of Prevention*

- Survey of 2,180 employers
- Coverage by type of preventive service
 - Physical exams, immunizations and screening tests: 50%
 - Tobacco cessation: 4-20%
 - Weight management: 4-20%
- Even fewer without copays, deductibles or incentives for assessment or improvement

*American Journal of Health Promotion 2006;20:214-222

CDHP Design Imperatives to Attract & Assist High Users and Chronic Disease



- Preventive services 100% covered – no copay
- “Clinically credible” – for most of the time, does this amount meet my and my families needs?
- Bridge is “speed bump” not real or perceived “barrier” to traditional health insurance
- Incentives for completing health risk assessment and behavior change (tobacco, weight reduction)

- Must be “compassionate” not to bankrupt individual and “competitive” relative to other options and/or previous years experience
- Incentives for enrolling in and graduating from health coach program for sickest, highest users

The Cost of Waste and Inefficiency: \$1,700-\$2,000 PEPY (at least!)*

- Overuse
 - Antibiotics
 - Tranquilizers
 - Lifestyle drugs
 - Antiinflammatory drugs
 - Hysterectomies
 - Cardiac caths
 - GI endoscopy
- Misuse
 - Multiple uncoordinated visits
 - Duplicate tests, procedures
 - Medical and hospital error
- Underuse
 - Vaccination
 - Chronic care management
e.g., diabetes, asthma, heart failure, cancer

*Midwest Business Group on Health, Juran Institute study, 2002

Medical Practice Today: “Hamster Health Care”

Symptoms

- Inadequate time with patients
- Administrative hassles
- Patients who know and demand more
- Greater accountability
- Decreasing reimbursements
- Rising overhead costs

Signs

- Waiting times for appointments
- ER for non-urgent visits
- Managed care backlash
- Inadequate management of chronic illness
- MD burnout and retirement
- “System” collapse?

Restoring "Connectivity" . . . And TRUST What We All Want

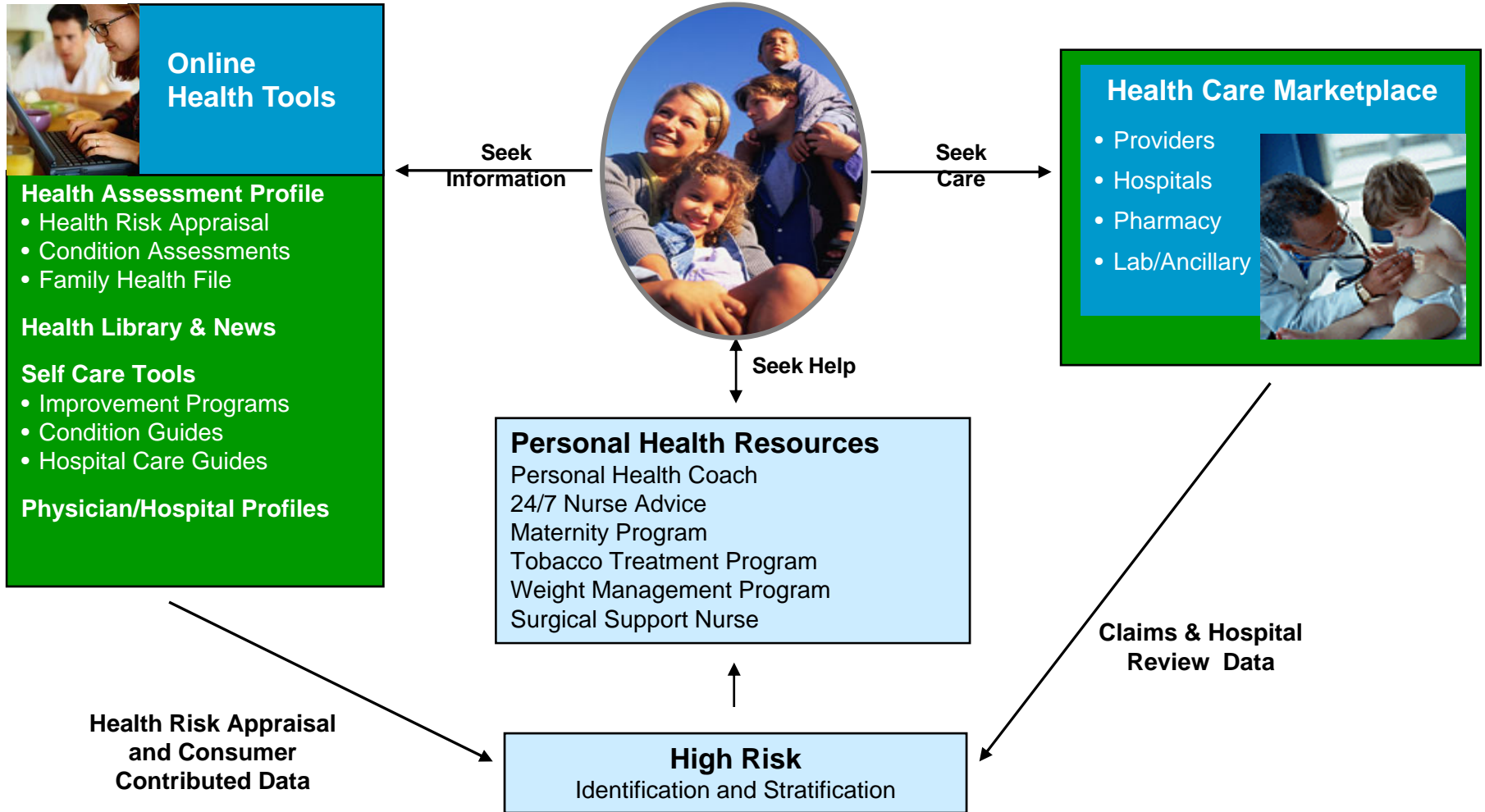


Early Physician and Health Care System Response to CDHP's

- Supported by AMA and leading medical associations
- Clinical
 - Provides information, tools and personal support for patients to understand and follow care management
 - Supports more efficient physician-patient and system interactions – at no cost to medical practice
 - Patient “reminds” physician of evidence-based care and covered preventive services
 - Prevents “Google Syndrome”!
- Administrative
 - Decreases administrative hassles at point of care
 - “Why do I need the health plan if patient pays me directly?”
 - Med Center MD leadership: “Best news in 25 years of practice”
 - Full replacement solution for hospital & health system employer/providers to “walk the walk”

Supporting Engaged and Informed Consumers – Consumer-Centric Health Improvement Model

Consumer - Patient



Health Improvement Strategy: “The 5 I’s”

- Integrate
 - Health promotion, disease prevention, care management
 - Seamless consumer experience with one point of contact
- Incentivize
 - Account based cash incentives at 3 clinical “point of decisions”
- Identify
 - High risk factors, chronic disease, surgical candidates
- Improve
 - Integrated “first dollar”, incentivized behavior change programs
 - “Hi tech – Hi touch” care management
- Innovate
 - Deliver high value, consumer-centric innovations
 - Improve efficiency and effectiveness of patient-physician interactions

Health Improvement “Hi Tech – Hi Touch” Model: Integrate, Identify, Incentivize, Improve

	Identify	Incent	Improve	Integrated Tactics
Risk factor reduction	X	X	X	HRA incentive, results to health coach, synergy with onsite assessments, health improvement programs with incentives for completion
Acute care	X	X	X	Monthly messaging and 24 hr nurse advice line
Chronic disease	X	X	X	Health Coach enrollment & graduation incentives triggered by HRA, self-referral, customer service or claims analysis (last preference)
Surgical decision support	X	X	X	Surgical shared-decision making online tools and surgical support nurse

Chronic Disease “Evidence-based Medicine” Requires Complimentary Patient Competencies

- **Asthma**
- **Cardiology**
 - Coronary Artery Disease
 - Congestive Heart Failure
 - Hypertension
 - High Cholesterol
- **Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease**
- **Depression**
- **Diabetes Mellitus** (Type I,II and Gestational)
- **General Health Model**
 - Other Chronic Conditions
 - Overutilization
- **Gastroesophageal Reflux Disease**
- **Low Back Pain**
- **Maternity**
- **Cancer**
 - Lung
 - Breast
 - Colon
 - Prostate
- **Pediatric**
 - Special Conditions
- **Rehabilitation**
- **Solid Organ Transplants**

Patient-Defined Diabetic Competencies: The “Demand Side” of Evidence-based Medicine

- “Did you receive a HbA1c and what was it?”
 - Report: Yes/No and within what range
- “Do you know your cholesterol and lipid levels?”
- “Was your urine tested for protein?”
- “Were your eyes examined and dilated with drops by an ophthalmologist?”
- “Did your physician or her staff examine your feet?”
- “Did you receive your flu shot?”
- “Do you know your blood pressure?”
- “How often did you visit your doctor for your diabetes last year?”

Impact of Unnecessary Surgery

- 75 % of all surgical procedures are elective and 1/3 of all elective surgeries are unnecessary
- Studies show that education can reduce risk of unnecessary surgery by shared decision-making: frank education and discussion of options, pros/cons, benefits/risks, outcomes and patient expectations

The Solution

- Promote through consumer education with focus on high volume, high cost elective procedures that may benefit from nursing intervention, such as:
 - Back Surgery
 - Joint Surgery
 - Gastric Bypass
 - Hysterectomy
 - Cardiac Surgery
 - Gall Bladder Removal

“Hi-Tech” Tool for Enhanced Surgical Decision Support

Animated Guide to Surgical Procedures

- Start-to-Finish review of surgical procedures
- Voice-over to guide consumers

Step-by-step review of

- Important things to consider before surgery
- **How the surgery is performed**



Prevention and Chronic Disease Incentives

- **Identification: Health Risk *Assessment***

- \$100-\$250 Health Account allocation for HRA completion

- **Personal Health Coach Enrollment = *Engagement***

- Additional \$100-\$200 Health Account allocation for chronic disease program
- Member agrees to participate in Health Coach Program after initial assessment
- Member commits to engage with Health Coach through regularly scheduled meetings to identify goals, become educated and skilled in working effectively with their physician to manage their disease.

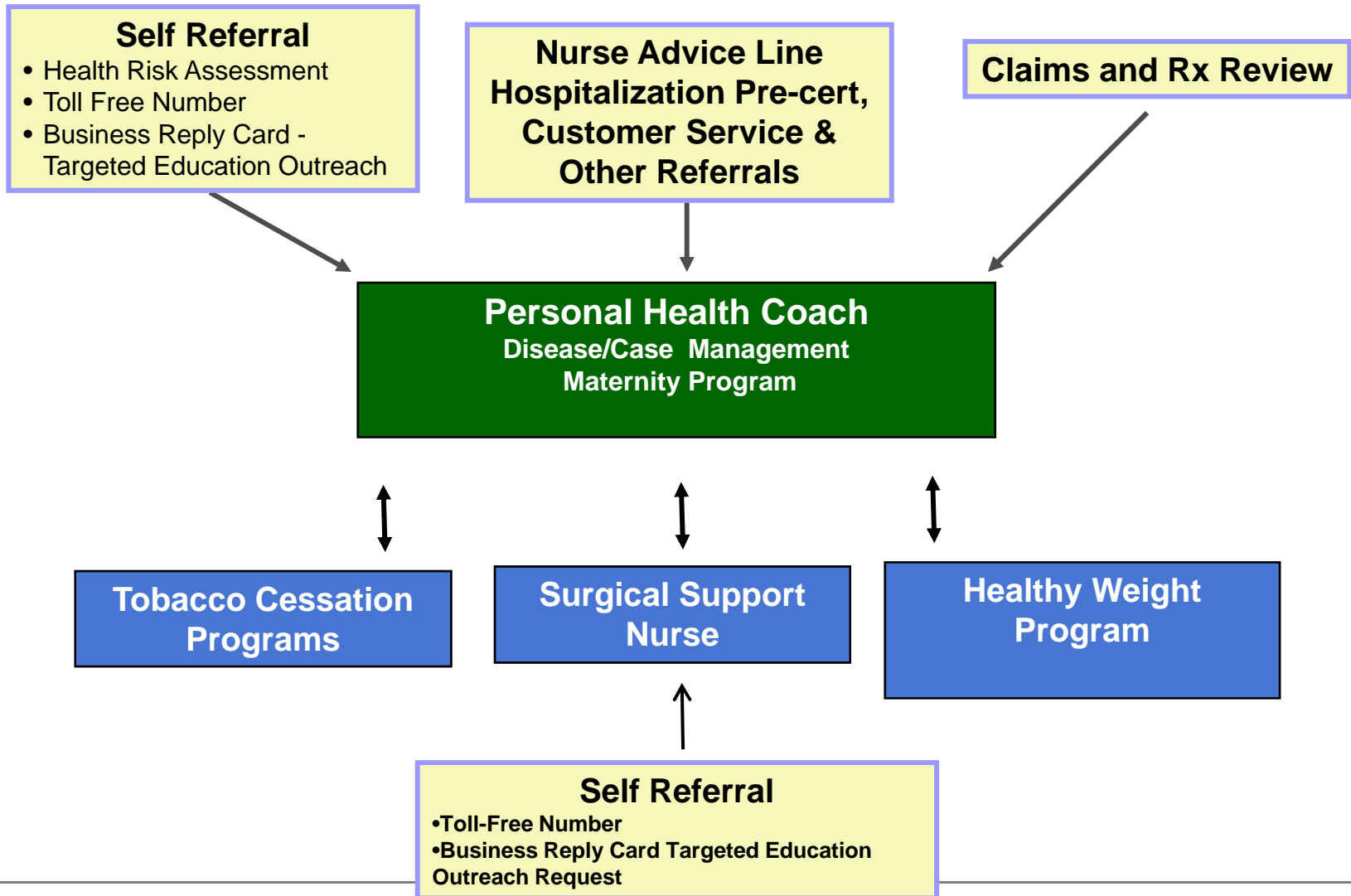
- **Personal Health Coach Graduation = *Mastery of Competencies***

- Additional \$100-\$200 Health Account allocation for mastering HealthModels
- Member achieves predetermined goals and documentation of competencies for disease(s) with knowledge, skills, functional provider-patient relationship and clinical outcomes when indicated

- **Risk Factor Reduction: Tobacco Treatment /Weight Management**

- Additional \$100 – \$200 for program completion
-

Integrated Identification, Referral and Support Process



When We Listened – REALLY Listened

- “I want to connect with patient’s like me or with other family members who are dealing with this illness/event in their family”
- “I want to learn “what works” from others with similar challenges in human resources and benefits”
- “I’d love to come to dinner to listen and share”
- “I want it MY way . . . When and how it matters most to me”

And What we DID:

Increased face-to-face focus groups for consumers & HR directors

Drug pricing, reminders, info via cell phone

National physician-led webcasts with Q&A

Consumer social networking website, behavior change competition and challenge programs

New “Connectivity” Solutions to Drive Change, Simplify, Improve Health and Reduce Costs

- Employer – employee – family
 - Worksite clinics delivering acute and comprehensive care vs “occ med & safety”
 - Onsite fitness centers “linked” to HR programs, incentives, PHR’s
 - Retail clinics onsite and in community for smaller employers to access
 - Physician – Patient – Plan
 - Reimbursement for in-person or telephonic group visits with physician staff
 - Reimbursement for community health support personnel
 - Reimbursement for e-visits and online connectivity avoiding unnecessary visits
 - Abandoning of “primary care” for concierge medicine, “company doc” revisited
 - Out of the box . . . And out of the country!
 - GPS enabled phone with biometric sensors
 - International medical services options
-

True Competition* Vs Health Care Non-“Competition”

From

- Plan, hospital and network competition
- “Reduce cost”
- Local competition
- Full service, closed networks and duplication of services
- Wrong incentives for payers and providers

To

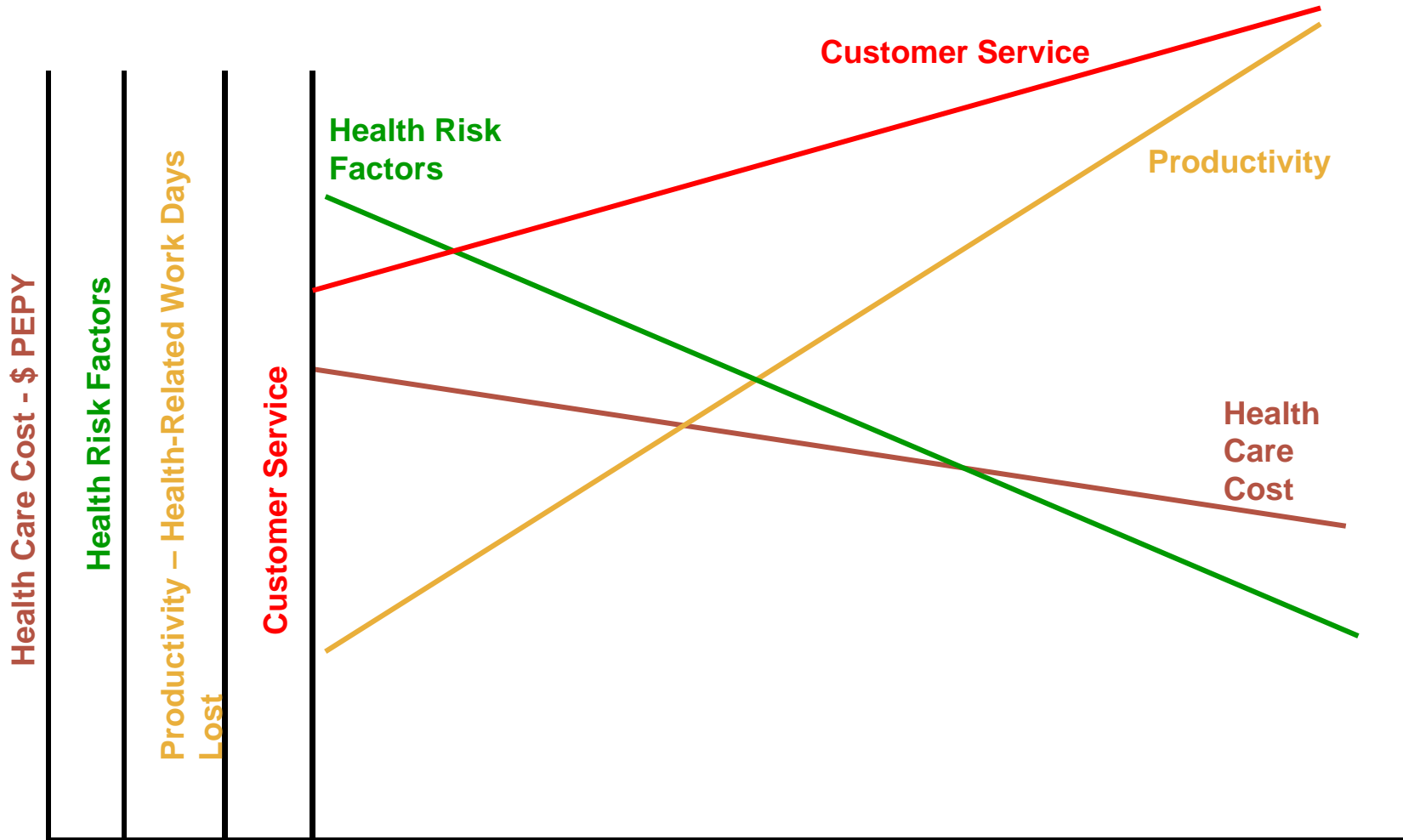
- Disease and procedure competition
- “Improve value”
- Regional and national competition
- Distinctiveness and focused competitors
- Right incentives for payers and providers

*Michael Porter, “Fixing Competition in US Health Care”, Harvard Business Review, June 2004

Ingredients for Change to Create a True Health Care Market

- No restrictions to competition and choice
 - No network restrictions
 - Consumers with savings accounts seek max value
- Accessible information
 - Provider's experience and risk adjusted outcomes using standardized national measures for comparison
- Transparent pricing
 - Single price for treatment or procedure and posted
- Simplified billing
 - One bill per hospitalization or period of chronic care
- Fewer lawsuits
 - Shared decision-making and tort reform

Cost, Risk Factor, Productivity and Service Stretch Goals – Do You Have Them?



Targets for Change

- Free up the insurance and health care delivery market
 - Buy wine and insurance across state lines
 - Premium differentials and incentives for health and care engagement behaviors
 - Reverse antitrust exemption for health insurance?
 - Leave only to the insurance market those services which need insurance
 - Design consumer-driven products “right”
 - Claims-free and direct payment models
 - Retail clinics, onsite employer integrated services, global health options
 - Apply lessons you’ve learned in YOUR business to healthcare – not vice versa
 - Chances are – improved value, reduced waste, lower cost, higher satisfaction
-

Impact on Health Care Stakeholders?

- “Medical-industrial complex” disruptions with “my own money”
 - Is the convenience worth 10X the cost?
 - New emphasis on “breakthrough” vice “copycat” R & D
 - All “middlemen” redefining value – or perish
 - Retail clinics, 4 buck generics, surgical hospitals, international centers and “Centers of excellence”: lower (and transparent) unit costs and better outcomes?
- Hidden & shifted costs (and value questions) explicit faster
 - How much are you willing (or should you) pay for GME?
 - Societal questions accelerated: end of life care, evidence-based vice usual care, “total cost of illness” vice “med loss ratio”
- Consensus on best of breed private, market-based functions vice public, “safety net” functions of government required

Integrated Health and Performance

What the Science Says & Solutions Required

- The Science
 - What produces health, drives medical costs and is responsible for employee/corporate loss of productivity and performance?
- The Solution
 - “Total fringe” employee ownership perspective
 - ALL benefits and lost productivity comes out of my paycheck
 - Consumer-driven health care as “core” to improving/incentivizing health behaviors and health care engagement
 - Integrated Health and Productivity approach to corporate culture and benefits

Ingredients for “Right Thing” Becoming the “Easy Thing”

- “Monetize” the benefit and return money to true payer
- Return “insurance” to unpredictable, catastrophic function
- Evidence-based care prioritized in benefit design and education
- Prevention, 10 chronic conditions, surgical decision support, compassionate end-of-life care
- Re-define public-private continuum
- Today defined by income level, age (65+), organ “luck” (ESRD)
- Transparent price/quality, innovation and competition where markets can work “best” with “my money”
- Public funding where public good, US economic competitiveness and evidence “best”
- Redefine government role: R&D support, comparative evaluation for high cost/tech, reinsurer for hi \$\$ threshold, medical liability reform, EMS systems, GME

Conclusions: Make the Right Thing . . . The Easy Thing To Do

- The **right thing** to do CAN be the **easy thing** to do
- Align incentives
 - It IS your employees' money and additional incentives help make the linkage
 - Prevention and evidence-based care makes sense and drives cost-savings and value
- Build and integrate infrastructure
 - “High tech” tools/info & “High touch” personal support both clinically and administratively
- Provide and push information
 - When, how you need it with personal support services
- Consumers showing signs of behavior change
- Economic results mirror better health and clinical outcomes
- Alignment & integration with corporate initiatives & Health Improvement & Productivity (HIP) transformation can greatly improve personal and company bottom line